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# Overview of Training

- Introduction to Title IX law
- Title IX regulations
- Title IX legal obligation
- Title IX Coordinator responsibilities and notifications
- K-12 Employees with responsibility to report
- Notice of sexual harassment
- Grievance process
  - Informal resolution
- Policies and process
- Flow chart of Title IX process
- State law considerations
- Other compliance issues complaint files and community outreach

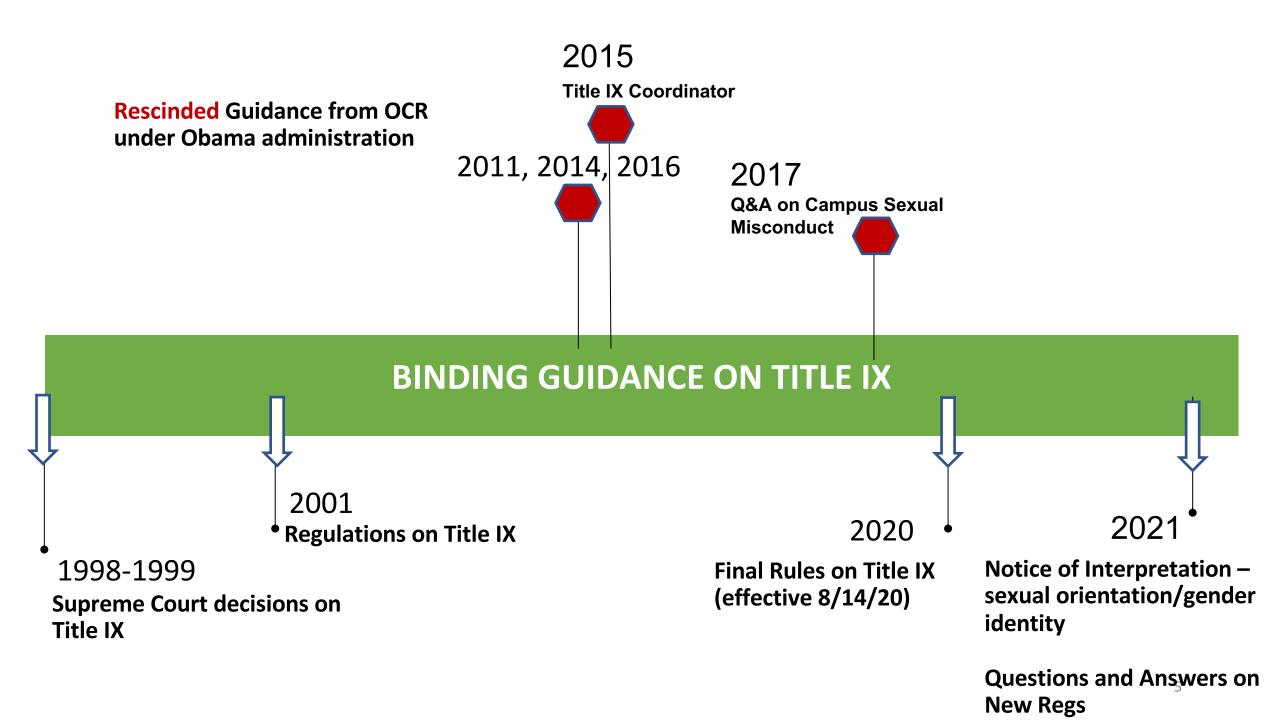


### Title IX Law

- No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance.
- Enforced through the Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights (OCR)







#### **LEGAL OBLIGATION**

Educational institutions must respond in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent when it has actual knowledge of sexual harassment occurring in the institutions' education programs or activities against a person in the United States.



### Title IX Covers and Includes

Prohibition of Sex Discrimination

Harassment

Athletics

Employment

Pregnant Students

Recruitment, Admission, Programs





# Title IX Coordinator

Name and title

Office address

Email address

Phone number



### Title IX Coordinator Information

#### Must be shared with:

- Students
- Parents
- Employees
- Applicants for admission
- Applicants for employment
- Unions and/or parties to collective bargaining agreements

Must promptly display contact information in each handbook or catalog made available to those persons

Must notify these individuals of non-discrimination

Must include notice of grievance procedure



# Title IX Coordinator Responsibilities

- Coordinate the Title IX response on behalf of the school
- Monitor outcomes and identify patterns
- Adoption of Title IX policy and procedure
- Access to relevant data (i.e., participation, budgets)
- Information easily found and in designated publications
- Permitted to conduct investigations
- Permitted to oversee investigations
- Avoiding conflicts of interest, including exclusion from serving as the decision-maker

Appropriate authority, qualifications, training, and time (2015 Guidance - rescinded)



### Coordinate the School's Response

- Receive reports of claims and potential claims
- Provide required notices
- Examine and (re-examine) supportive measures
- Determine appropriateness of a potential removal proceeding
- In some instances, act as investigator
- Identify proper decision-maker
- Decide who will manage an appeal, if necessary
- Coordinate investigation, sharing of information between the parties, final outcome letter, and offering of appeal options
- Ensure proper documentation
- Provide training



### Monitor Outcomes and Identify Patterns

#### Intake

- Formal complaints from allegations
- School sites

### Investigation

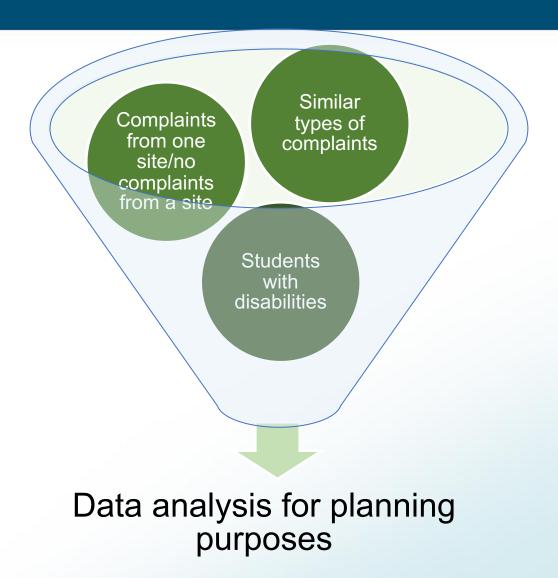
- In-house
- External
- Title IX and state Sexual Harassment

#### Outcomes

- Timelines
- Policy violations
- Discipline



### Potential Patterns





# Policy and Procedures Administration

Review annually

Take into account the time-consuming board review and approval process

Set timelines for your process



# **Impartiality**

• Be neutral – neither pro-Complainant nor pro-Respondent

Consider the evidence as presented

Confront and understand bias and not allow it to impact decision

Maintain open mind as to the potential conclusions



### Conflicts of Interest

Relationship to parties or witnesses

Professional conflicts

Personal conflicts

Actual and perceived



### Stereotypes

• "A fixed, over generalized belief about a particular group or class of people." (Cardwell, 1996)

- Stereotypes around sexual assault
- Stereotypes around sexual harassment

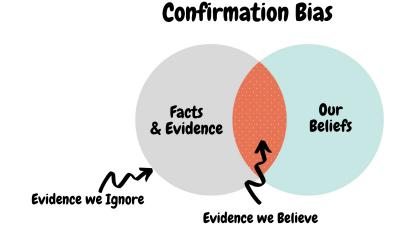
Complainant and Respondent





### Bias

- Conscious/Explicit
  - Discriminatory intent
  - Stated preferences



- Unconscious/Implicit
  - For the most part, most people are unaware of these drivers
  - Developed over a period time and can influence many factors in hearing
  - Short cuts developed by the brain and often play a role in:
    - Immediate response to conflict
    - Often mimics fear responses



### Trauma

Many Title IX causes of action involve trauma

- Title IX Coordinators should understand the impact of trauma on:
  - Reaction to trauma
  - Ability to capture memories
  - Recollection of memories

Expectations around trauma victim



# BREAKOUT SESSION 1





Educational institutions must respond in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent when it has actual knowledge of sexual harassment occurring in the institutions' education programs or activities against a person in the United States.



# Actual Knowledge

When sexual harassment or allegations of sexual harassment come to the attention of

**ANY EMPLOYEE** 

of a K-12 district

All employees **MUST** report



#### **LEGAL OBLIGATION**

Educational institutions must respond in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent when it has actual knowledge of sexual harassment occurring in the institutions' education programs or activities against a person in the United States.



### Jurisdiction Issues

Occurring in the institution's education program or activity
includes locations, events, or circumstances over which the school exercised
substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the
sexual harassment occurred

Against a person in the United States



### GP: Dismissal - Mandatory and Permissive

#### **Mandatory dismissal**

- Would not constitute sexual harassment as defined in regulations
- Did not occur in education program or activity
- Did not occur against a person in the U.S.

#### Permissive dismissal

- Complainant notifies Title IX Coordinator in writing that Complainant would like to withdraw formal complaint or allegations
- Respondent is no longer enrolled or employed by school district
- Specific circumstances prevent the school district from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination



### Title IX — Parties and Administrators

#### **Parties**

 Complainant – alleged victim/survivor

Respondent – respond the allegation

#### **Administration of Claims**

- Title IX Coordinator
- Title IX Investigator
- Title IX Decision-maker
- Title IX Appeal Officer
- Title IX Advisor
- Title IX Informal Resolution Officer



### Definition of Sexual Harassment

#### Conduct on the basis of sex:

- Quid pro quo An employee who conditions the receipt of an aid, benefit, or service of the recipient on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct.
- Hostile environment sexual harassment, defined as unwelcome conduct
  determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive and
  objectionably offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the
  school's education program or activity (emphasis added).



# Definition of Sexual Harassment, continued

#### Sexual Assault

- Rape
- Fondling
- Incest
- Statutory Rape

Dating/Domestic Violence

Stalking



# Notice of Interpretation - US Department of Education

Bostick v. Clayton County

- Prohibition against sex discrimination includes protections for:
  - Sexual orientation
  - Gender identity



# Grievance Process (GP)

- Respond promptly in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent
- Due process and fundamentally fair procedures to adjudicate the allegations
- Upon notification, supportive measures offered
  - Emergency removal
- Offer of formal process
  - Complainant files or Title IX Coordinator may file
- Both parties receive notice of the allegations
- Both parties participate in investigation and can inspect information gathered
- Separate decision-maker(s)
- Completed in a prompt time-frame
- Retaliation prohibited designate the retaliation complaint process



# GP: Emergency Removal Procedure

- Step 1 Conduct a prompt individualized safety and risk analysis
- Step 2 Immediate threat to the safety the physical health or safety of any student or other individual Arising from the allegations of sexual harassment
- Step 3 Evaluate the applicability of disability laws to the removal decision
- Step 4 Consider the appropriateness of supportive measures in lieu of an emergency removal
- Step 5 Provide the respondent with notice and an "immediate" opportunity to challenge the emergency removal



### GP: Supportive Measures

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent and are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the District's education programs or activities without unreasonably burdening either party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or the District's educational environment, or deter sexual harassment



### GP: Offer of Formal Process

Complainant offered formal process

Complainant must file and request an investigation

Wishes of complainant are to be respected



# GP: No Formal Complaint Filed

Title IX Coordinator may decide to proceed with investigation

Title IX Coordinator does not become Complainant



### GP: Informal Resolution

- Trained facilitators
- After formal complaint is filed
- Process must be detailed in writing
- Described to both parties
- Parties agree in writing
- Either party may end informal resolution before a formal agreement is accepted
- Never available when complainant is student and respondent is employee



# GP: Notice of Allegations

Detailed allegations against respondent

Supportive measures offered to respondent

No supportive measure can appear disciplinary



#### GP: Separate Decision-Makers

Title IX Coordinator may serve as investigator

- Title IX Coordinator may NOT serve as decision-maker
   Policy violation
   Discipline
- Hearing panels permitted for K-12s but not required



#### GP: Investigation

Investigation gathers relevant and irrelevant information

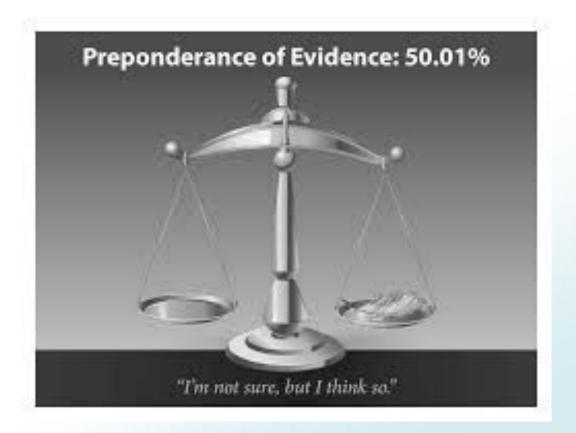
All information must be shared with both parties

 Parties have ability to review investigation report and outcome, provide comments/written questions and provide answers and limited follow-up



#### Burden of Proof

- Preponderance of the evidence
- Clear and convincing





#### GP: Decision-Maker

- Decision-maker must determine:
  - Policy violation
  - Discipline

- In K-12, discipline decisions against students with disabilities may require a manifestation determination
  - A Manifestation Determination is a process, required by the Individuals
    With Disabilities Education Act (IDEA 2004), which is conducted when
    considering the exclusion of a student with a disability that constitutes a
    change of placement



#### GP: Appeal

Procedural irregularity in the Title IX grievance process affected the outcome;

 Newly discovered evidence that was not reasonably available at the time of the determination of responsibility or dismissal that could affect the outcome; or

• Due to a bias or conflict of interest by the Title IX Coordinator, investigator, or decision-maker that affected the outcome.



# BREAKOUT 2

### Title IX and Sexual Harassment

**Policies and Process** 



#### Title IX New Regulations Impact District Policies

#### **Review Policies**

- Employee policies
- Sexual Harassment
- Nondiscrimination

#### **Student Policies**

- Sexual Harassment
- Nondiscrimination

#### **Process**



#### Title IX New Regulations Impact Board Policies

#### Employee policies

Sexual Harassment, BP 4119.11, 4219.11, 4319.11

Nondiscrimination, BP 4030

#### **Student Policies**

Sexual Harassment, BP 5145.7

Nondiscrimination, BP 5145.3



#### Title IX Impacts Administrative Regulation and Process

#### **Employees**

Sexual Harassment, AR 4119.11, 4219.11,4319.11 Nondiscrimination, AR 4030

#### **Students**

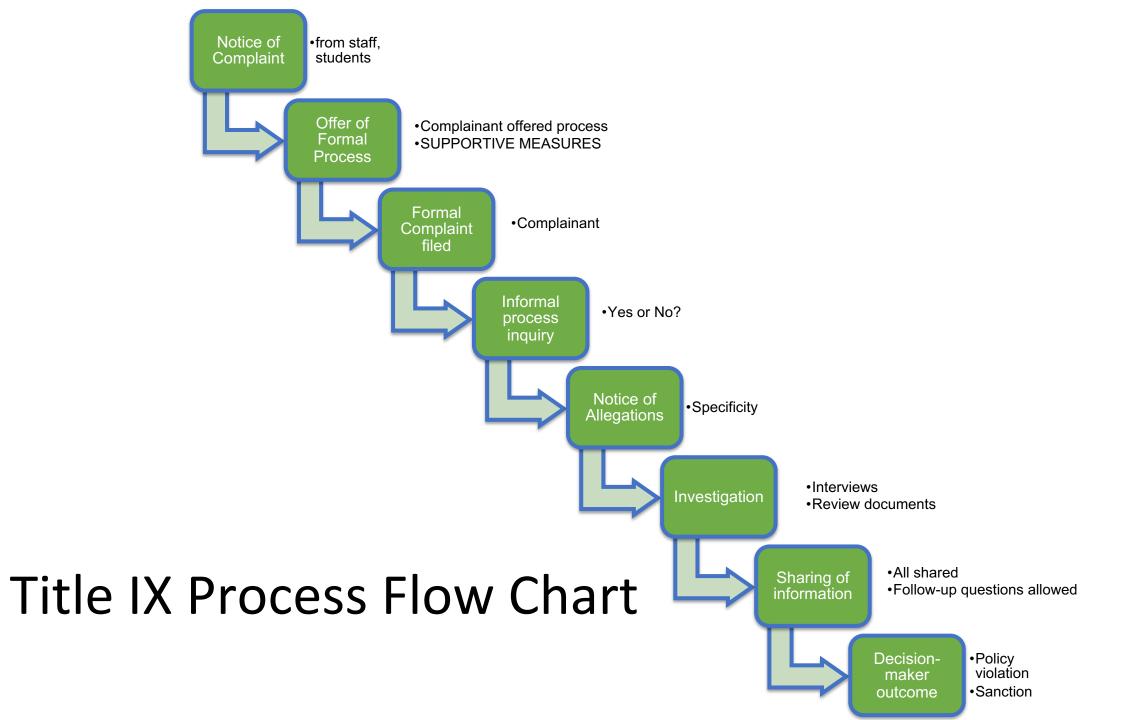
Sexual Harassment, AR 5145.71 Nondiscrimination, AR 5145.3

#### **Uniform Complaint Process**

BP 1312.3

AR 1312.3





#### Other Considerations

Title IX and state law interaction

Title IX file review

- Community outreach
  - Climate surveys
  - Focus groups
  - Student/parents special interest groups



## Is your Title IX program in pieces?



Let Title IX Consult help put it back together.



#### QUESTIONS?

and other feedback

